

# Aircraft Certification and Simulation – Current Practice, Furture Outlook and Challenges

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All civil Aircraft must be certified by the EASA to be operated in Europe

- > What is certification?
  - > From the design to operations
  - Compliance demonstration to the applicable regulations
    - Aircraft > 7500kg : Certification Specification 25 (CS25)



### **Basic Principles**

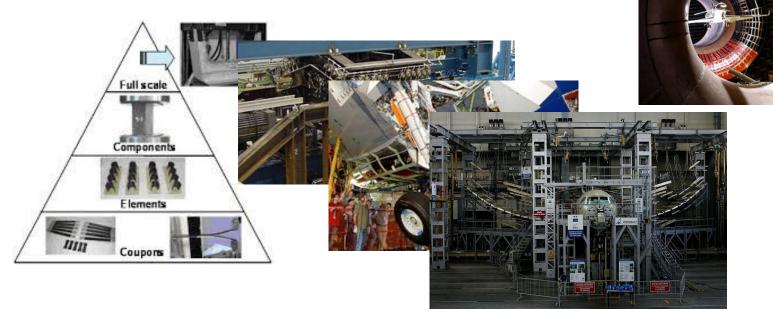
- Ensure Product Safety in its design envelope
- > All analyses must be based on test data
  - S CS 25.21 Proof of Compliance
    - >> By tests upon an aeroplane of the type for which certification is requested, or by calculations based on, and equal in accuracy to, the results of testing
  - **>** CS 25.571 Structure
  - S 25.963 Fuel Tanks

CS 25 currently requires a set of tests to certify an aircraft

# Introduction - Certification of Aircraft

### Testing includes

Coupons, sub-assemblies, qualification, test benches, system integration tests – iron birds, mock up wind testing





#### Testing includes complete A/C tests







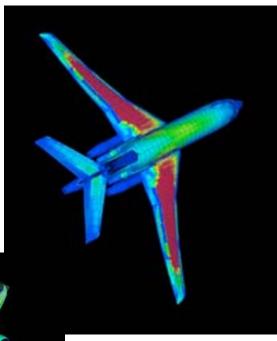
- > However, testing is
  - Costly
  - Time consuming
  - Subject to aleas

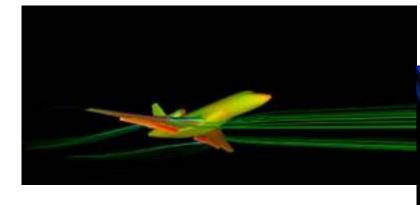


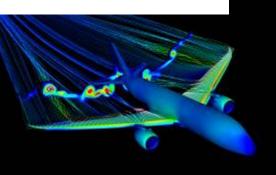
Therefore, Simulation is today extensively used in aircraft design and in support of certification

# Simulation and Certification – Current Status

- Simulations are extensively used in Aviation
  - Preliminary Design phases
  - Development phase
  - Design phases
  - Compliance demonstration





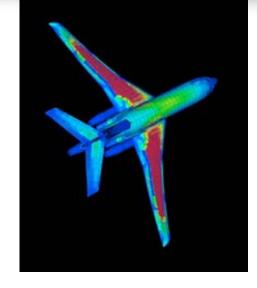


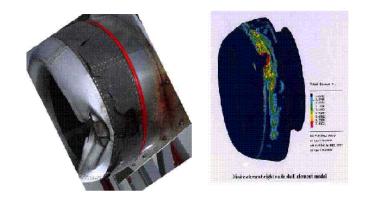


# Simulation and Certification – Current Status

### In particular

- Aerodynamics
  - Clean configuration
  - > High lift configuration
  - ➤ Ice accretion
  - Performances
- Structures
  - > General models> Detailed models
- Systems
  - Matlab simulations or others





# Simulation and Certification – Current Status

## ➤ 1 model for each « case »

- ➤ Structure model
- ➤ Thermal model
- Aerodynamic model
- ➤ Electrical model
- ➤ Hydraulic model

# Some tools are certified

Model based objects

## Simulation and Certification Future Outlook

### Simulation will

- Be more and more extensively used
- Be more and more integrated
  - Interaction systems/structure
  - > Multiple systems integration simulation
  - Simulation of equipment/fuctions Failure (on going research WP in the frame of CleanSky2)
- Integrate multiple simulations using one model
- More tools will be « certified »



- Simulation is by nature a simplification of reality
  - A/C environment is very complex
  - A/C systems and structures are more and more interdependant
- Simulation relies on current knowledge
  - Cannot take into account non previsibles aspects or behavior
  - Relies on Human perception of reality



### Mitigation of simulation errors

- Software
- Human
- > Avoid the « Yes compute » behavior
- Human Factors Human in the loop simulations
  - This is becoming more and more important in aircraft design
- Training of staff
- Control of model outsourcing



- Environment simulation
- « Universal » model
- Multiple model coupling
- Simulation tool certification
- > Transient simulations improvements
- ➤ Human Factor aspects human in the loop
- Database of simulations errors and way of resolution and community sharing



Pure virtual testing for certification will remain...virtual in the short to medium term

- Testing will still be needed
  - Model proof
  - Mitigation of simulation errors
- > However, simulations will progress
  - Tool may be certified for certification credit
  - Alleviating more and more testing needs
- EASA should be ready for this Challenges
  - > Aviation research coordination role



## **Questions?**

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